

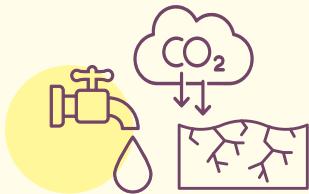
# Sustainable and Circular Textiles by 2030

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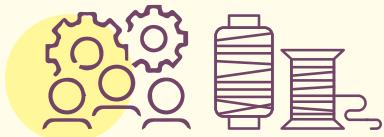
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#EUGreenDeal



European consumption of textiles has the **fourth highest impact** on the environment and climate change, after food, housing and mobility.



It is one of the **top three** pressures on water and land use, and the **top five** in terms of raw material use and greenhouse gas emissions.



The textile and clothing sector **employs more than 1.5 million Europeans** and is a key asset to stimulate local jobs and business opportunities. The Single Market is the backbone of the sector.

## The Commission's 2030 Vision for Textiles



All textile products placed on the EU market are:

- durable, repairable and recyclable
- to a great extent made of recycled fibres
- free of hazardous substances
- produced respecting social rights

"Fast fashion is out of fashion" – consumers benefit longer from **high quality textiles**

Profitable **re-use and repair services** are widely available

In a **competitive, resilient and innovative textile sector** producers take responsibility for their products along the value chain

**Circular rather than throw-away clothes have become the norm**, with sufficient capacities for recycling and minimal incineration and landfilling



The Commission is working on a Transition Pathway for the textile ecosystem to successfully achieve the green and digital transitions and for the ecosystem to become more resilient. Today marks the start of a co-creation process, in which stakeholders are invited - through a survey and workshops - to propose specific actions and work towards these common objectives.





## Key actions in the Textiles Strategy

- Set design requirements for textiles** to make them last longer, easier to repair and recycle, as well as requirements on minimum recycled content
- Introduce clearer information and a Digital Product Passport**
- Tackle greenwashing** to empower consumers and raise awareness about sustainable fashion
- Reverse overproduction and overconsumption, and discourage** the destruction of unsold or returned textiles

- Propose mandatory Extended Producer Responsibility for textiles with eco-modulation of fees**
- Address the unintentional release of microplastics** from synthetic textiles
- Restrict the export of textile waste** and promote sustainable textiles globally
- Incentivise circular business models**, including reuse and repair sectors
- Encourage companies and Member States to support the objectives** of the Strategy

